

# Monthly Inbound Update December 2017

23<sup>rd</sup> March 2018

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# About this data

Our monthly update presents the latest International Passenger Survey (IPS) data released by the Office for National Statistics (ONS).

The Quarterly Release for this period (Q4, October – December 2017), which may contain some revisions, is scheduled to be released with the annual data **on 17<sup>th</sup> May 2018**. This will provide data on visits by markets and UK region visited in 2017.

The next Monthly Release, covering data for **January 2018** as well as **February 2018**, will be on **20<sup>th</sup> April 2018**.

The [Inbound research & insights](#) section of the VisitBritain website has much more detail on long term trends, visits from individual markets and to UK regions.

Short term figures give an indication of the very latest trends, but should be used with caution. IPS is not designed to report accurately by month, and figures should be treated as indicative. Analysis of the last three months or longer is more reliable. All figures are provisional and subject to revision by the ONS. All figures quoted are not “seasonally adjusted”. Numbers in some tables / charts may not sum due to rounding.

The data is based on interviews with a sample of departing visitors. The number interviewed varies but is typically 3,000-4,000 per month.

# Headlines – December 2017 (provisional)

|                          | DECEMBER 2017 |                             | LAST 3 MONTHS<br>(OCT - DEC) |                                      | PROVISIONAL 2017<br>(JAN - DEC 2017) |                               |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|                          |               | % change<br>vs.<br>Dec 2016 |                              | % change<br>vs. Oct '16 -<br>Dec '16 |                                      | % change vs.<br>Jan - Dec '16 |
| <b>ALL VISITS (000)</b>  | 2,590         | -11%                        | 8,790                        | -7%                                  | 38,890                               | 3%                            |
| <b>Spend (£ million)</b> | 1,560         | -13%                        | 5,270                        | -3%                                  | 24,290                               | 8%                            |

- Visits:** The UK welcomed 2.6 million overseas visits in December, down by 11% compared to December 2016. Between October and December 2017 there were 8.8 million inbound visits to the UK, down 7% on the same period in 2016. However, overseas visits in 2017 overall set a new record. There were 38.9 million visits to the UK in 2017 overall (up 3% on 2016).
- Spending:** In December 2017 visitor spending fell 13% compared to December 2016 to reach £1.6 billion. Between October and December 2017 inbound visitors spent a total of £5.3 billion, down 3% on the last quarter of 2016. But with record results in each of the first nine months of the year and in November, inbound visitors' spending still shows record results for 2017 overall: international visitors spent £24.3 billion in 2017 (up 8% on 2016).
- Spend per visit:** Spending growth has outpaced visits growth in 2017. In 2017 average spend per visit was £625, which is 4% above the average for 2016 (£599).

# Journey Purpose

| By journey purpose | DECEMBER 2017 |                       | LAST 3 MONTHS (OCT - DEC) |                                | PROVISIONAL 2017 (JAN - DEC 2017) |                            |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
|                    | Visits (000)  | % change vs. Dec 2016 | Visits (000)              | % change vs. Oct '16 - Dec '16 | Visits (000)                      | % change vs. Jan - Dec '16 |
| Holiday            | 880           | -7%                   | 2,960                     | -8%                            | 15,210                            | 9%                         |
| VFR                | 960           | -8%                   | 2,940                     | -3%                            | 11,920                            | 3%                         |
| Business           | 550           | -10%                  | 2,190                     | -9%                            | 8,750                             | -5%                        |
| Miscellaneous      | 200           | -37%                  | 700                       | -7%                            | 3,020                             | 2%                         |

- **Holiday** visits were down 7% to 880,000 visits in December 2017, compared to December 2016, following on from the previous two months' trend of declining numbers. Holiday visits in October – December 2017 were down 8% on the same months a year ago. Despite that, holiday visits for 2017 overall set a new record: there were 15.2 million inbound holiday visits to the UK in 2017, up 9% on 2016.
- **Visits to friends and relatives (VFR)** were down 8% year on year to 960,000 visits in December 2017. 2.9 million VFR visits were made in October – December 2017, tracking down 3% compared to the last three months of 2016. However, there were still 3% more VFR visits in 2017 overall than in 2016, with 11.9 million VFR visits made in 2017, a new record.
- **Business** visits fell by 9% in the last quarter of 2017, compared to the same months in 2016. Business visits in December 2017 were down 10% on December 2016. With only January and May registering growth in 2017, there were 5% fewer business visits to the UK in 2017 overall, compared to 2016.
- **Miscellaneous** journey purpose visits are a combination of a wide range of different journey purposes, including (but not limited to) short term study, looking for work, shopping, attending a sports event and many more. In December 2017 visits to the UK for those miscellaneous purposes decreased by over a third on the same month a year ago (-37%). Visits in the last three months to December 2017 were down 7% on October – December 2016. But, with new records set in January, February, April, June and November 2017, there were still 2% more miscellaneous visits in 2017 overall than in 2016 (although not a record).

# Global Regions

| By global region | DECEMBER 2017 |                       | LAST 3 MONTHS (OCT - DEC) |                            | PROVISIONAL 2017 (JAN - DEC 2017) |                            |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
|                  | Visits (000)  | % change vs. Dec 2016 | Visits (000)              | % change vs. Oct - Dec '16 | Visits (000)                      | % change vs. Jan - Dec '16 |
| EU Total         | 1,760         | -14%                  | 5,930                     | -11%                       | 25,470                            | 0%                         |
| EU15             | 1,440         | -11%                  | 4,860                     | -9%                        | 20,740                            | 0%                         |
| Other EU         | 320           | -25%                  | 1,070                     | -21%                       | 4,730                             | 0%                         |
| Rest of Europe   | 170           | 26%                   | 700                       | 21%                        | 2,550                             | 11%                        |
| North America    | 240           | -17%                  | 880                       | -8%                        | 4,630                             | 8%                         |
| Rest of World    | 420           | -8%                   | 1,290                     | 8%                         | 6,260                             | 13%                        |

- Visits to the UK from all **EU markets** in December 2017 confirmed the negative trend observed in previous months – down 14% on December 2016, which resulted in visits in the last three months being 11% behind October – December 2016. With record-breaking results in seven of the first nine months of 2017, EU visits in 2017 overall are still tracking on par with 2016's record levels, reaching 25.5 million visits overall.
- Looking at the **EU15** markets only, there were 1.4 million visits to the UK in December 2017, down 11% on December 2016. The last 3 months of 2017 were behind 2016 levels. As a consequence visits from EU15 markets in October – December 2017 were down 9% on October – December 2016 to 4.9 million visits. While monthly growth results for this high-volume region were uneven in 2017, visits from this area to the UK in 2017 were on par with 2016's record result.
- With 3 months of double-digit decreases, visits from all **Other EU markets in October – December 2017** were down 21% on the same months a year ago, with visits in December 2017 from those countries down 25% on December 2016 to 320,000 visits. However, visits from Other EU markets in 2017 overall are still about on par with the record set in 2016.
- Visits to the UK from the **Rest of Europe** rose 26% year-on-year in December 2017 to 170,000 visits (not a record though). With a total of 700,000 visits from the rest of Europe in October – December 2017, up 21% on the same months a year ago, 2017 sets a new record in visits from those markets for the last quarter. Overall, visits from the rest of Europe to the UK in 2017 reached a new record of almost 2.6 million visits, up 11% on 2016.
- There were 240,000 visits from **North America** in December 2017, the third month of year-on-year double-digit decline in 2017. Despite visits growing year-on-year in November 2017, visits in October – December 2017 were down 8% on those months in 2016. With 4 months of double-digit growth in 2017 though, visits from North America in 2017 overall are up 8% on 2016 though short of the record.
- Visits from the **'Rest of World' markets** in December 2017 were down 8% on December 2016. However, with records set in each month except August and September, 'Rest of World' markets set a new record in visits to the UK for both October – December (reaching 1.3 million visits in those months in 2017, up 8% on 2016), and 2017 overall (up 13% on 2016 to 6.3 million visits).

Short term figures give an indication of the very latest trends, but should be used with caution. IPS is not designed to report accurately by month, and figures should be treated as indicative. Analysis of the last three months or longer is more reliable. The Q4 2017 release scheduled for May 2018 will provide data on visits by market.

# Outbound and Competitors

## Travel abroad by UK residents

| LAST THREE MONTHS:<br>October – December 2017 |        |                                |
|---|--------|--------------------------------|
|   |        | % change vs.<br>Oct – Dec 2016 |
| <b>Visits (000)</b>                           | 14,400 | -3%                            |
| <b>Spend (£ million)</b>                      | £8,590 | -7%                            |

- UK residents took 14.4 million visits abroad in the last three months of 2017 – 3% fewer than the same period in 2016 – and spent £8.6 billion, down 7% (in nominal terms) on October – December 2016.
- Between October and December 2017, UK residents took 1% more holiday trips abroad than they did during the same time in 2016, but fewer business trips (-14%), fewer visits to friends and relatives (-3%) and fewer miscellaneous visits (-18%) compared to the same period in 2016.
- Visits by UK residents to Europe were down 1% between October and December 2017, compared to the same period the year before. There were 2% fewer visits to EU15 countries, while visits to other EU destinations were on par with October – December 2017 visits. Visits to North America decreased by 10% and Rest of World visits fell 7% year-on-year.

## The international picture\*

- With the exception of the USA all of the UK's main competitors on the table below reported an increase in visits at the start of 2017, with three countries reporting strong growth of at least 10% so far in 2017.
- Visits to the UK are up, but still below the growth rates showed by some of its main EU competitors, such as Italy, Spain, France, Germany, and the Republic of Ireland.
- Figures relate to different time periods so comparisons should be treated with caution.

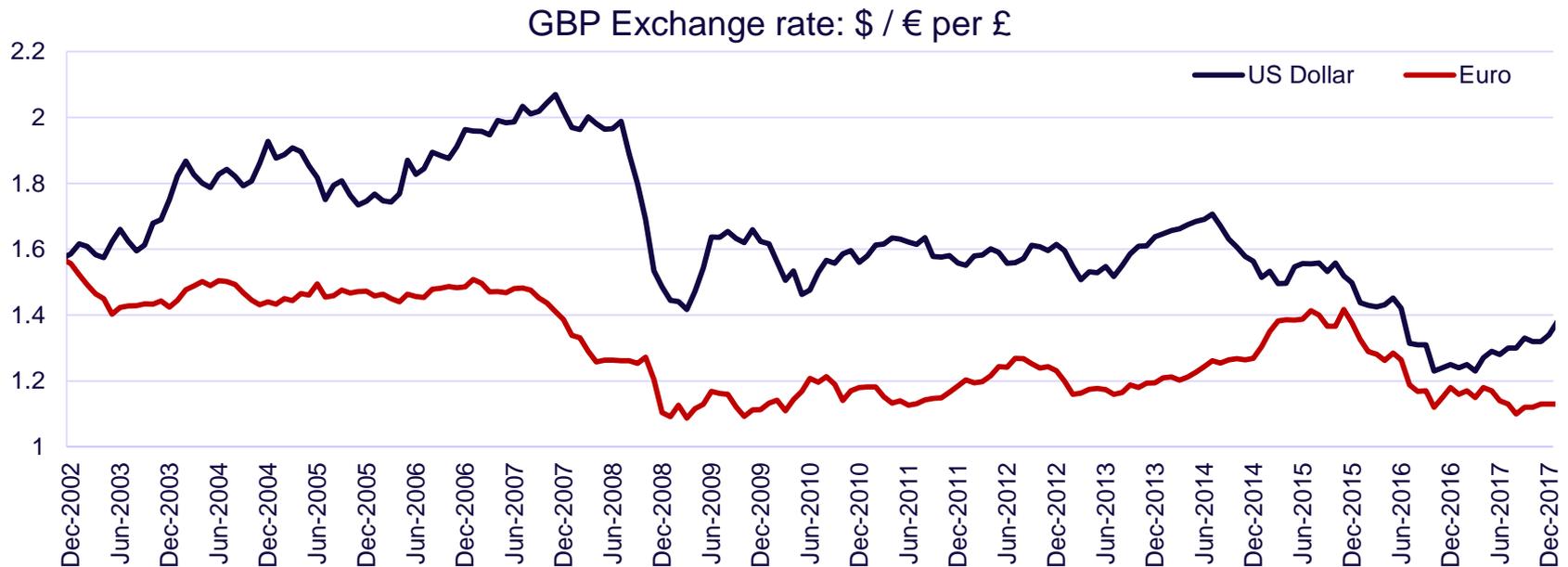
| Destination     | Growth in overseas visits | Period (Jan 2017 to ...) |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Turkey          | 30%                       | November                 |
| Netherlands     | 13%                       | September                |
| Italy           | 10%                       | October                  |
| Spain           | 9%                        | December                 |
| France          | 8%                        | September                |
| Australia       | 7%                        | October                  |
| Switzerland     | 7%                        | October                  |
| Germany         | 5%                        | October                  |
| Canada          | 4%                        | October                  |
| Rep. of Ireland | 4%                        | November                 |
| <b>UK</b>       | <b>3%</b>                 | <b>December</b>          |
| USA             | -4%                       | June                     |

**More:** VisitBritain attracts inbound visitors to Britain. For outbound travel from the UK visit [ONS website](#)

\*Source: UNWTO Periods for which we have data available varies by country, so figures are indicative and not necessarily directly comparable.

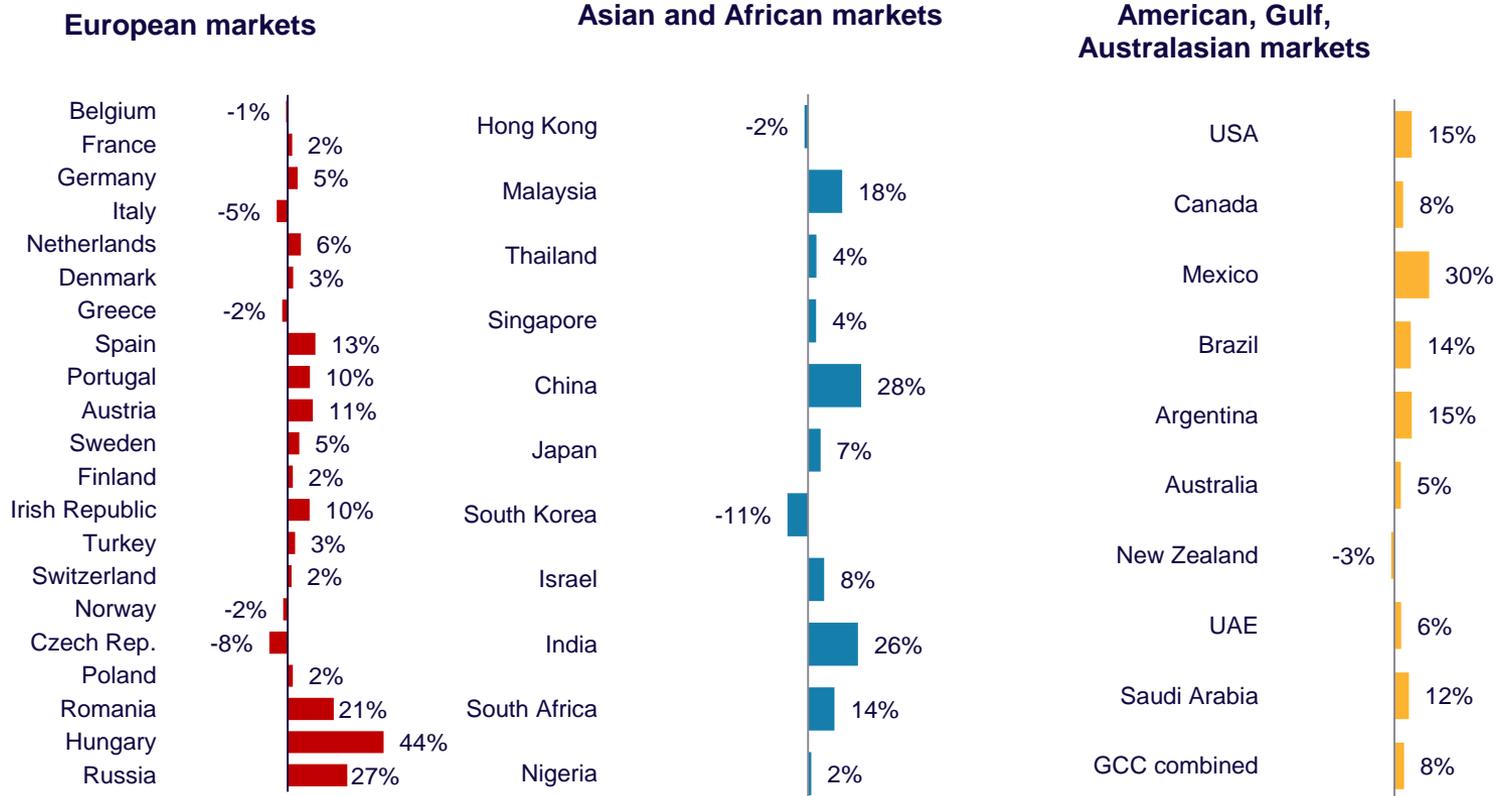
# Exchange rates

- The cost of Sterling for those visiting the UK was high in 2015 but in 2016 it began to fluctuate due to political uncertainty. From late June 2016, the sharp depreciation of the pound following the referendum result made the UK a more affordable destination for many markets. However, Sterling has started appreciating against many currencies again recently.
- The value of Sterling against both the dollar and the euro has remained low since its weakest point in October 2016, although the pound rose against the US dollar in 2017. Sterling was up 7% year on year at \$1.34 in December 2017, having gained from its most recent low point in March 2017; however, the pound was still 11% cheaper than two years ago. Against the euro, in December 2017 Sterling was 4% down compared to its value in December 2016 and compared to December 2015 Sterling was down 18% against the euro at €1.13.
- In December 2017, Sterling was 3% up against the Australian dollar, 3% up against the Canadian dollar and 2% up the Chinese Yuan compared to December 2016; but respectively down 15%, 17% and 9% compared to December 2015.



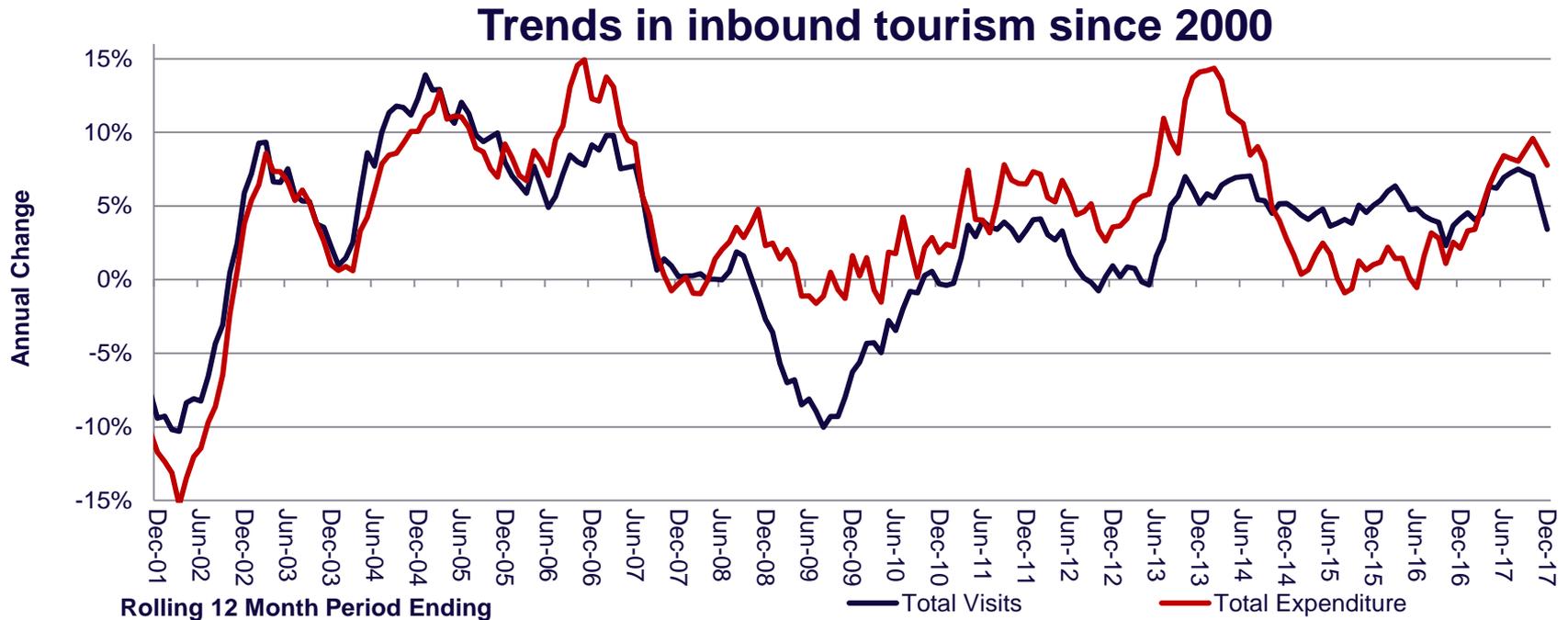
# Individual markets – quarterly results

Using the latest available market level data, the following three charts show the percentage change in visits to the UK from a number of markets in the latest rolling year of data (the latest four quarters compared to the previous four quarters, in this case from **October 2016 – September 2017 v October 2015 – September 2016**).



# Longer term trends

Visits and spend since 2001



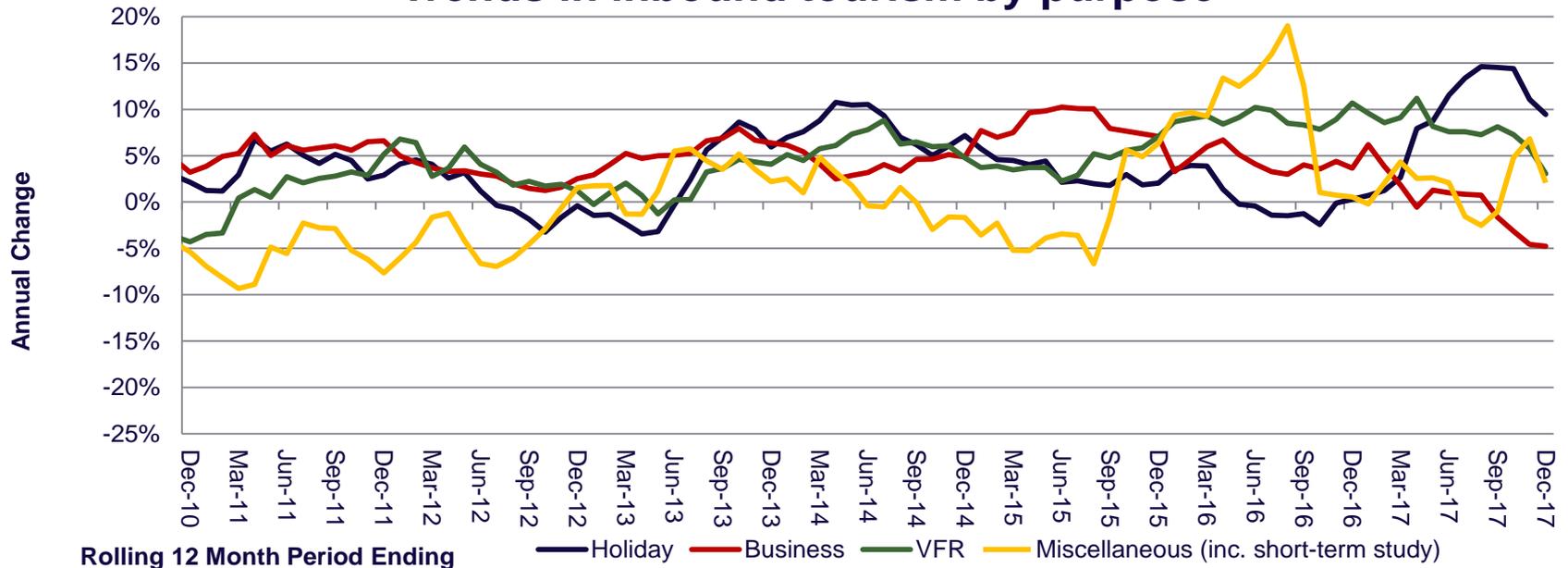
- This chart shows the year-on-year change in headline IPS results based on a 'rolling twelve-month' basis. Presenting the data in this way enables us to spot emerging trends and helps to 'smooth out' erratic results for any single month.
- This clearly illustrates the dip in inbound tourism seen post 9/11 in 2002, and subsequent recovery in the mid-2000s. The impact of the global economic crisis can be seen in 2009 followed by slow but reasonably steady recovery over the more recent years.
- Whilst visits growth has remained positive in recent years, spend has fluctuated more. Results for 2017 show visits tracking 3% higher and spend up 8% compared to 2016 although both have slowed down in the last three months of 2017.

*More: Data on long term trends are available [here](#)*

# Longer term trends

## Journey Purpose

### Trends in inbound tourism by purpose



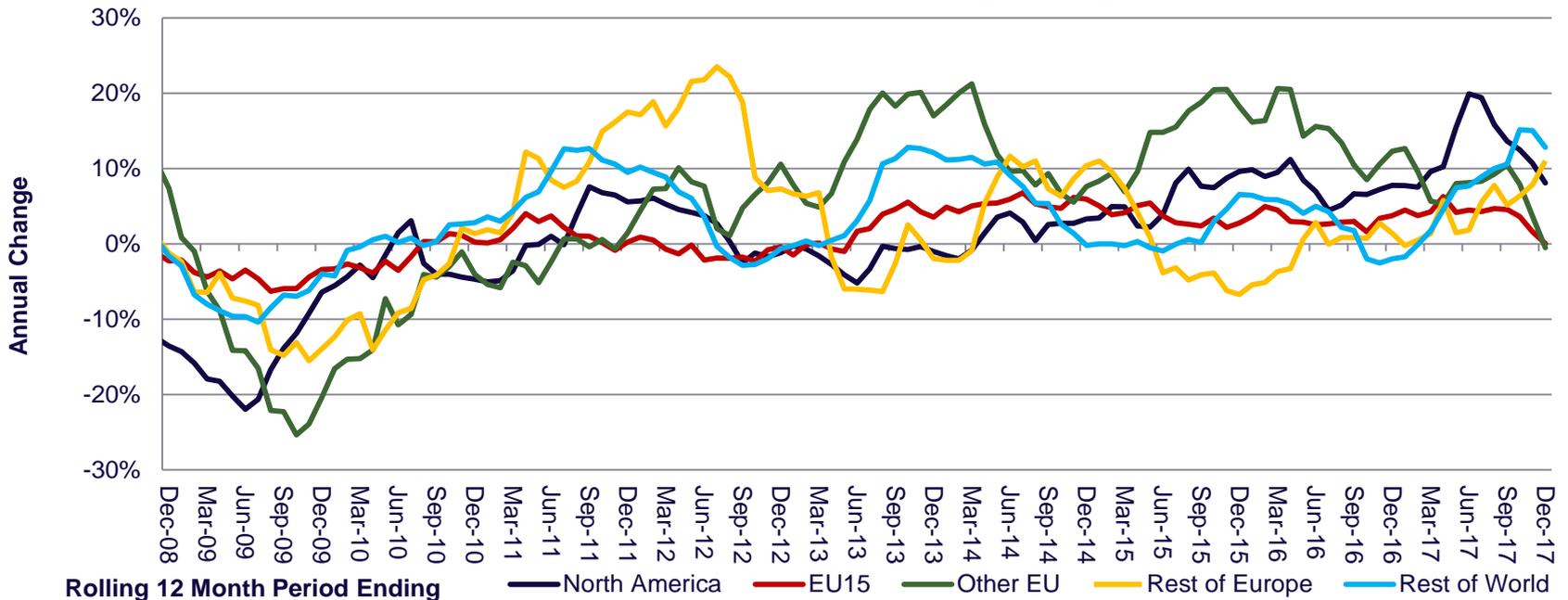
- By journey purpose holiday visits were far more resilient to the economic downturn in the late 2000s and showed long term growth. There has been some variability in recent years; trends in 2014 and 2015 were positive but visit numbers for 2016 were flat. Despite a slowdown in growth in recent months, holiday visits are up 9% for 2017, late 2016 having been a turning point.
- After a significant downturn in 2009, business visits have generally seen steady growth since, which intensified in 2015 and through 2016. Results for 2017 show inbound business visits for 2017 down 5% year-on-year.
- Since 2011, trips to visit friends and relatives have largely shown growth in recent years, and have stayed in positive growth territory since mid-2013. Trips for other (miscellaneous) purposes account for a smaller number of visits and show the most variation.

*More: Data on long term trends are available [here](#)*

# Longer term trends

Global Region

## Trends in inbound tourism by origin region since 2007

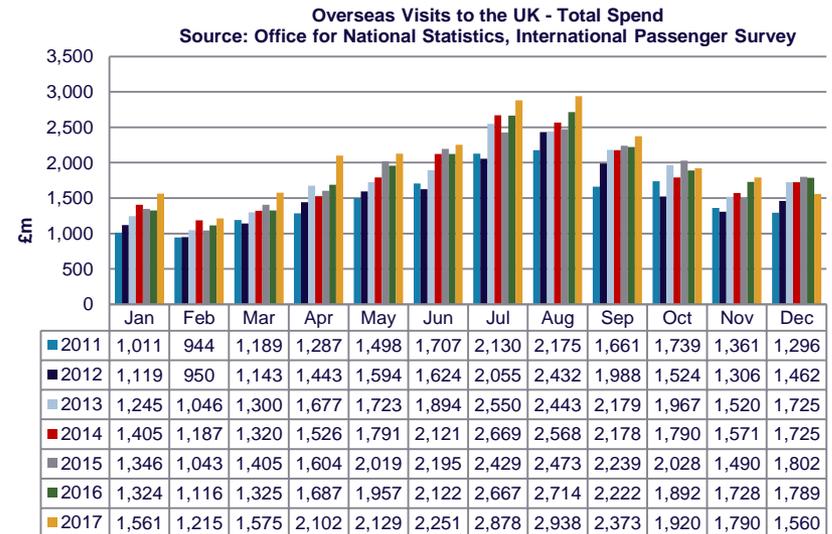
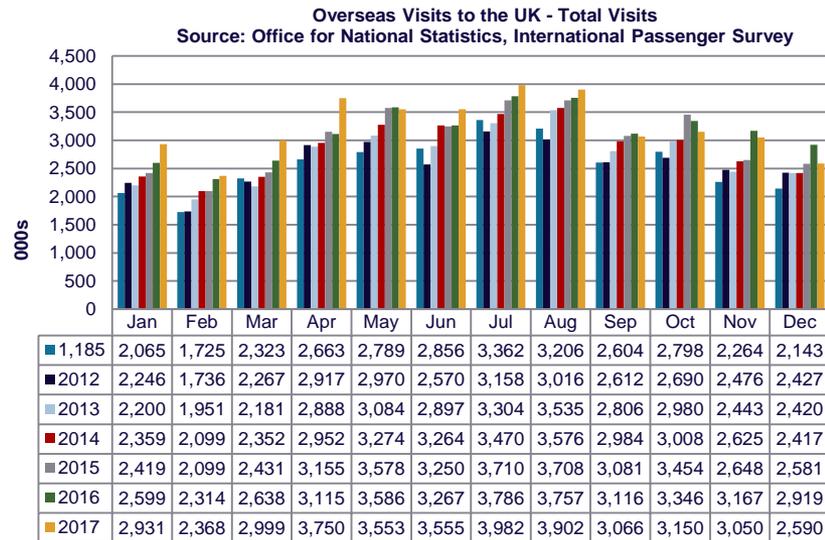


- This chart shows the longer term picture and the varying rates of recovery in visit numbers after the global financial crisis.
- Until recently, visits from EU markets were growing at a steady pace, but they slowed down in the last few months and in 2017 overall were just on par with 2016. Visits from 'Other EU' regions had stronger visit growth in recent years, although they have been inconsistent in recent months. Visits from the 'Rest of Europe' had the strongest recovery growth between 2011/2012 although have shown to be more volatile over the past couple of years, maintaining a positive trend in 2017.
- After a period of gradual recovery post global financial crisis, visits from North America have grown strongly at the start of 2017 although have slowed recently. Visits from the 'Rest of World' region were growing for most of 2017, before slowing down in recent months.

**More:** Data on long term trends are available [here](#)

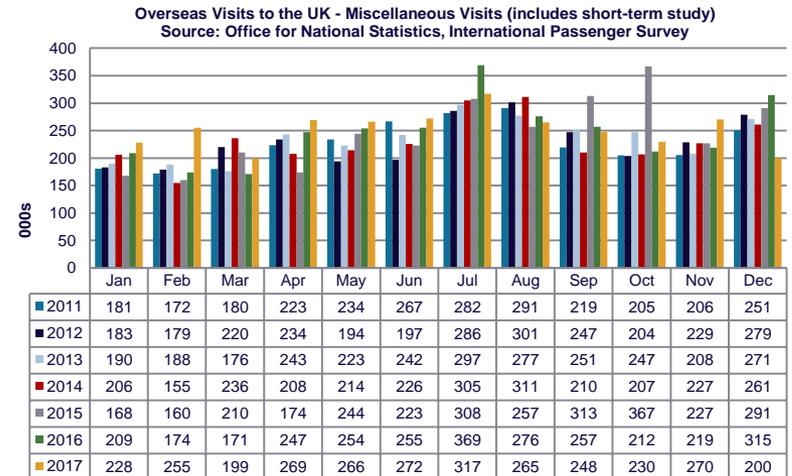
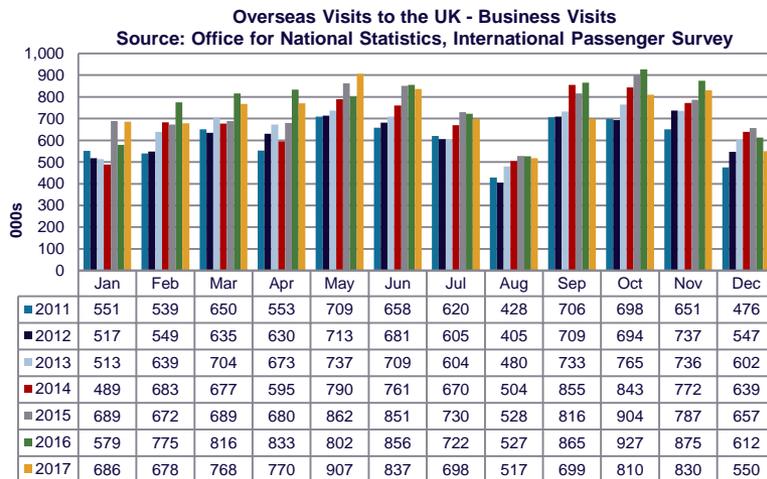
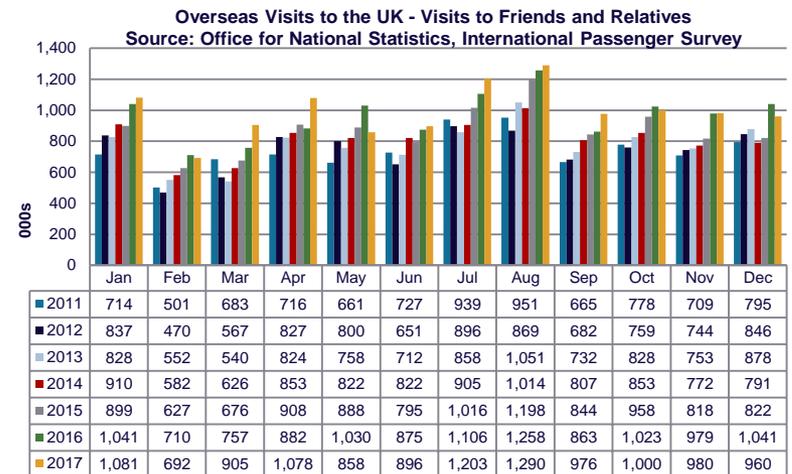
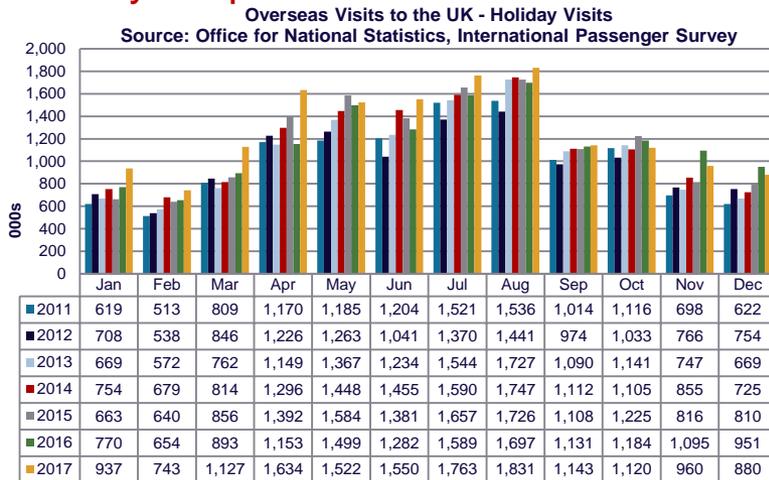
# Detailed monthly trends

## Visits and spend



# Detailed monthly trends

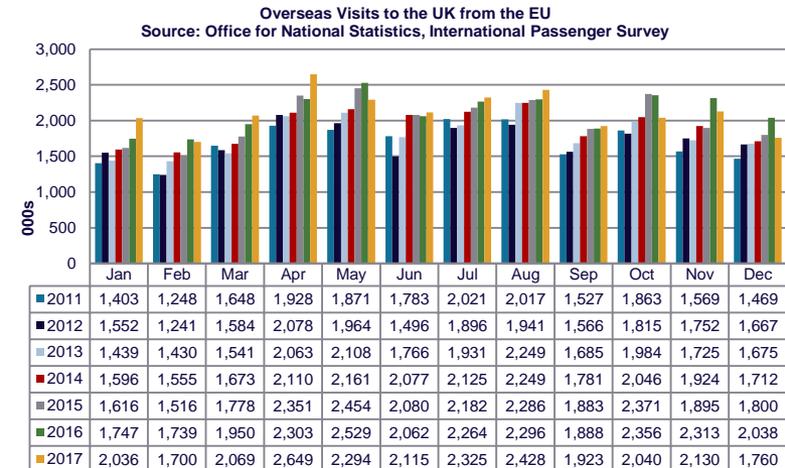
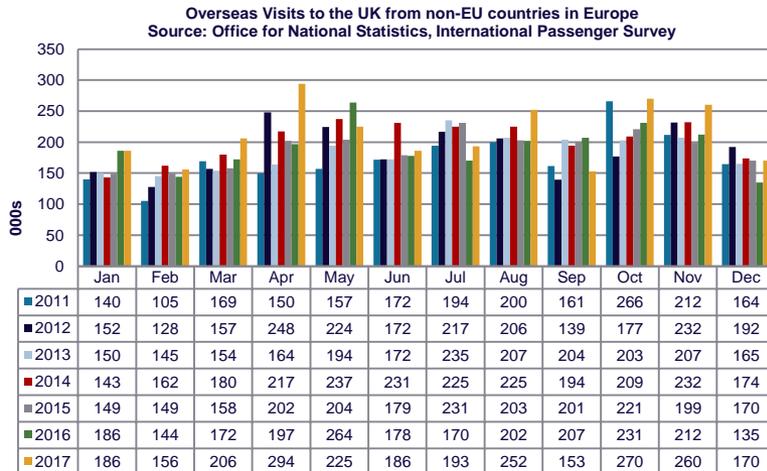
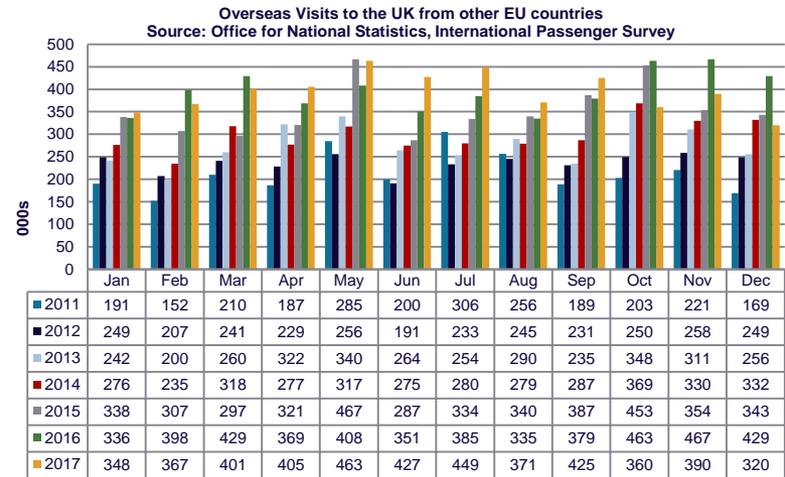
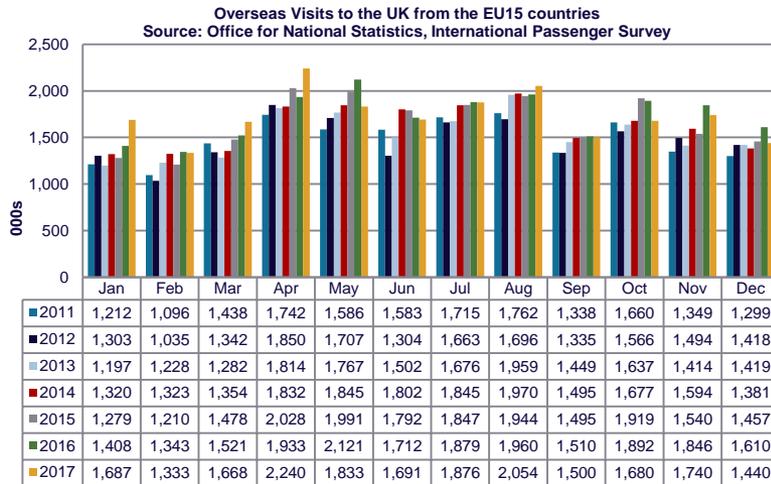
## Journey Purpose



**More:** Monthly data is replaced by the more accurate Quarterly data. Long term trends showing percentage change annually by and more is available [here](#). Please note that different scales are used on these charts to allow differences to be identified.

# Detailed monthly trends

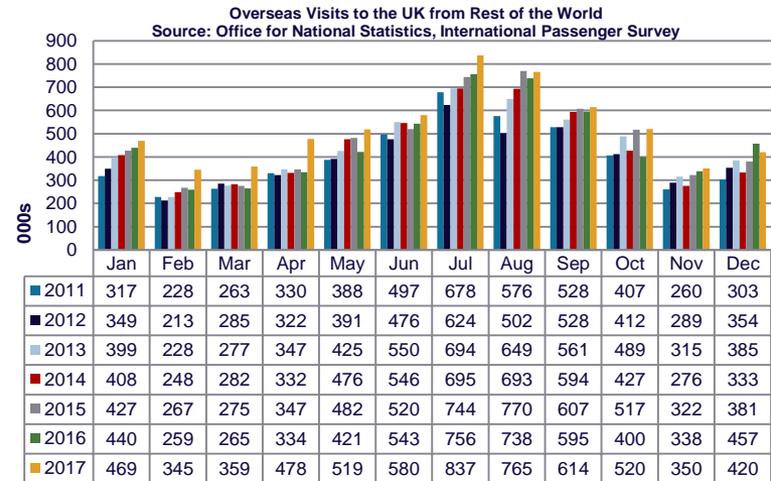
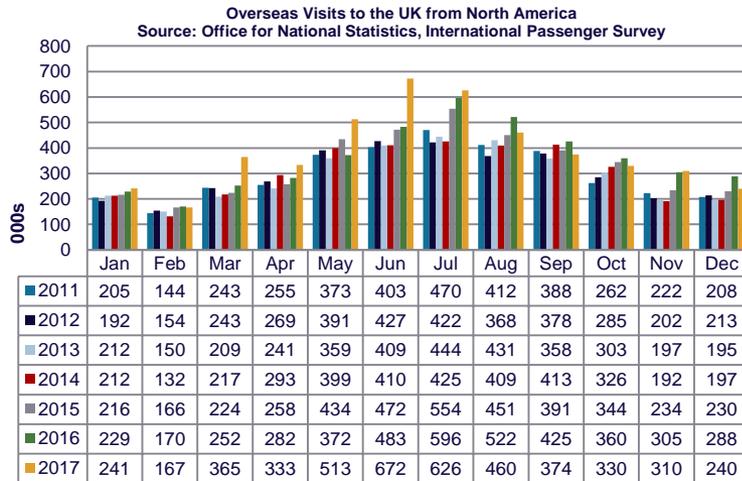
## Global Regions (1 of 2)



**More:** Monthly data is replaced by the more accurate Quarterly data. Long term trends showing percentage change annually by and more is available [here](#). Please note that different scales are used on these charts to allow differences to be identified.

# Detailed monthly trends

## Global Regions (2 of 2)



**More:** Monthly data is replaced by the more accurate Quarterly data. Long term trends showing percentage change annually by and more is available [here](#). Please note that different scales are used on these charts to allow differences to be identified.

# Definitions

**EU15** - Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Finland, Germany, Greece, Irish Republic, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain and Sweden. Note that the UK is among the 15 countries that formed the European Union prior to January 2004, but due to the inbound nature of the data displayed in the IPS reference tables data for the UK is excluded.

**Other EU** - Bulgaria, Cyprus (South), Croatia, Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, Romania, Slovakia and Slovenia. Note that Croatia has been included in the 'Other EU' category since it joined in July 2013, before July 2013 this group was labelled as A12.

**EU** – Total EU, therefore combined EU15 and Other EU (as defined above).

**Rest of Europe** – European countries outside the EU (including Russia, Norway and Switzerland). Before July 2013 Croatia was also included here, but from July 2013 appears in Other EU.

**North America** - Canada (including Greenland and St Pierre et Miquelon), USA (including Puerto Rico and US Virgin Islands)

**Rest of World** – Countries outside Europe and North America (Africa, Asia, Central America, Middle East, Oceania, South America)

**VFR** - Visiting Friends and Relatives

**Miscellaneous visits** - includes those for short term study, to attend sports events, for personal shopping, health or religious purposes, accompanying others and many more

**Visit** - all departing visits from overseas residents (including those who may be UK nationals but live elsewhere, excluding other nationals who have been in the UK for 12 months or longer)

**Spend** - the amount visitors report spending in the UK during their stay

## More information

*The Inbound research & insights section of the VisitBritain website has much more detail on long term trends, data for individual markets and UK regions*

*Refer to the ONS website for more on IPS methodology and UK outbound travel*

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# Monthly Inbound Update December 2017